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**Pressio Stencil brings Pressio's square counters and superelliptical curves to the stencil genre. The result is Mid-century Modern with a touch of packing crate. With four widths and five weights, it's far more versatile than most stencil families. The clarity of its construction makes it surprisingly legible in text sizes. Like its solid sister, it includes a set of stylistic alternates to round off some of the unexpectedly sharp corners of letters like S, s, and a. And, of course, it features case-sensitive punctuation and delimiters, as well as support for over 130 languages.**

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Pressio Stencil N021 Light X-Compressed

Pressio Stencil N022 Regular X-Compressed

Pressio Stencil N023 Medium X-Compressed

Pressio Stencil N024 Bold X-Compressed

Pressio Stencil N025 Black X-Compressed

Pressio Stencil N031 Light Compressed

Pressio Stencil N032 Regular Compressed

Pressio Stencil N033 Medium Compressed

Pressio Stencil N034 Bold Compressed

Pressio Stencil N035 Black Compressed

Pressio Stencil N041 Light Condensed

Pressio Stencil N042 Regular Condensed

Pressio Stencil N043 Medium Condensed

Pressio Stencil N044 Bold Condensed

Pressio Stencil N045 Black Condensed

Pressio Stencil N051 Light

Pressio Stencil N052 Regular

Pressio Stencil N053 Medium

Pressio Stencil N054 Bold

Pressio Stencil N055 Black

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THE OPERATION OF THE PRESS DEPENDS ON PASCAL'S LAW, A PRINCIPLE IN FLUID MECHANICS THAT STATES THAT a pressure change occurring anywhere in a confined incompressible fluid is transmitted throughout the fluid such that the same change occurs everywhere. One part of the system is a piston acting as a pump, with a modest mechanical force acting on a small cross-sectional area; the other part is a piston with a larger area which generates a correspondingly large mechanical force. Only small-diameter tubing (which more easily resists pressure) is needed if the pump is separated from the press cylinder. A fluid, such as oil, is displaced when either piston is pushed inward. Since the fluid is incompressible, the volume that the small piston displaces is equal to the volume displaced by the large piston. This causes a difference in the length of displacement, which is proportional to the ratio of areas of the heads of the pistons, given that volume equals area multiplied by length. Therefore, the small piston must be moved a

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Arbitrary Fractions    **1/9 3/8 25/32 → 1/9 3/8 25/32**

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Superiors & Inferiors    **Estuarial3 H2O → Estuarial<sup>3</sup> H<sub>2</sub>O**

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Ordinals    **23<sup>a</sup> 65<sub>o</sub> → 23<sup>a</sup> 65<sup>o</sup>**

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Case-sensitive Forms    **(NON-COM) «OBOE» → (NON-COM) «OBOE»**

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Standard Ligatures    **Define flee official afflict ruff → Define flee official afflict ruff**

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Stylistic Set 1    **Does Junior Sousa want €2.50? → Does Junior Sousa want €2.50?**

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Stylistic Set 2    **Does Junior Sousa want €2.50? → Does Junior Sousa want €2.50?**

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Stylistic Set 3    **Does Junior Sousa want €2.50? → Does Junior Sousa want €2.50?**





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Designed by Max Phillips

Thanks to Robert Farelly, Niall McCormack,  
and Seán Mongey.

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